POVERTY IN SILICON VALLEY: WHAT IT MEANS FOR THE KIDS

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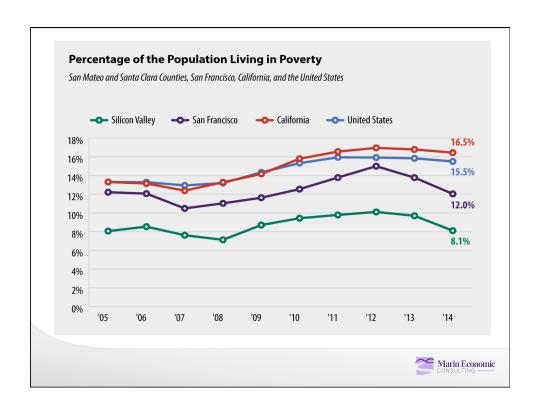
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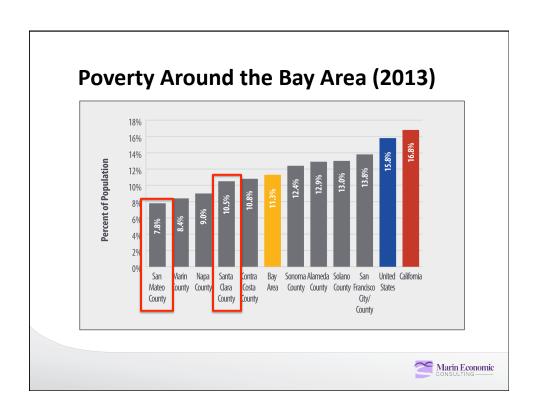


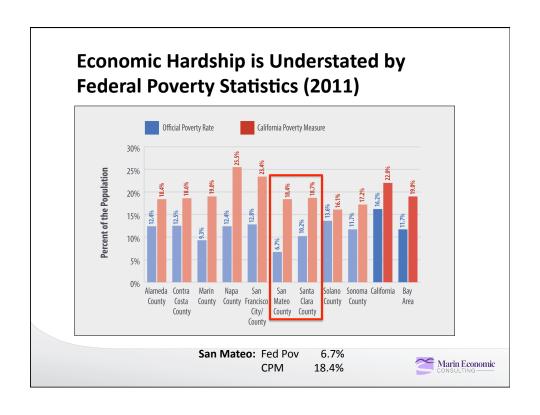
Outline

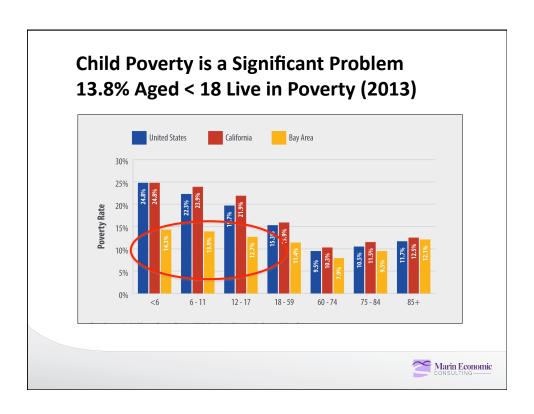
- The evidence
- The long term consequences
- The solutions



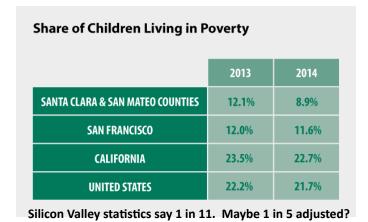








Less of a Problem in Silicon Valley, But Still a Problem



75,000-150,000 Children in Silicon Valley



Poverty Summary

- 1 in 12 (8.1%) Silicon Valley residents are living in poverty
 - 1 in 6 suffer from economic hardship by other measures
- 1 in 11 children live in poverty
 - Child poverty rates are highest among those less than 5 years old
- As high as the poverty numbers are, they understate the problem.
 - It is understated in all high cost regions
 - It is therefore particularly understated in Silicon Valley



Child Poverty Has Important Long Term Effects:

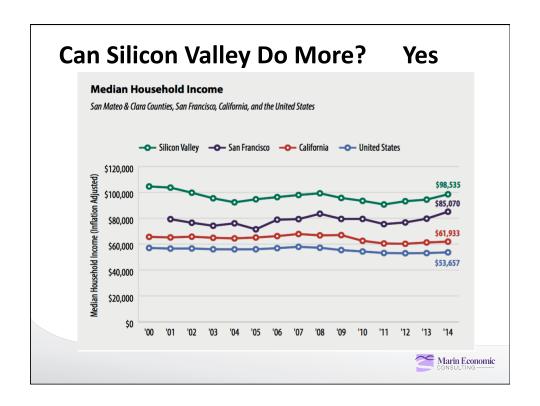
- Physical Health
 - Low birth weight: stunted growth, speech and hearing problems
- Cognitive Abilities
 - Retarded brain development and cognitive functions
- School Achievement Outcomes
 - Hunger leads to poor performance
- Emotional and Behavioral Outcomes
 - Aggression and difficulty forging relationships
- Teenage Pregnancy
 - Birth rates are 3 times higher among poor teens



Policy Options

- Providing direct assistance to impoverished residents
 - Financial support, housing support, before school services, pre-natal assistance
- Providing access to impoverished residents
 - Employment services, job training, interview skills, or assistance with day to day issues, such as child care.
- Investments in future populations
 - Improving public education, early childhood development





Summary

- The United States leads the developed world in child poverty
- Silicon Valley does better, but it is still a huge problem (> 100,000 kids)
- The long term consequences are significant
- Silicon Valley is almost uniquely positioned to do more
- United Way of Silicon Valley is a terrific vehicle for accomplishing more

